

NRA Presentation for Haut Comité pour la Transparence et l'Information sur la Sécurité Nucléaire(HCTISN)

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After the TEPCO's Fukushima Daiichi NPS Accident

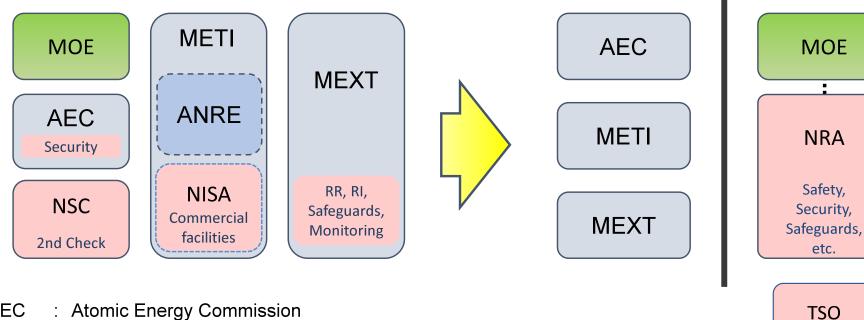
Fundamental changes were made for both

- Regulatory Body
- Regulatory Framework

Regulatory body - NRA

- Independence
- Transparency

Independence



AEC

ANRE: Agency for Natural Resources and Energy METI : Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry

MEXT : Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology

MOE : Ministry of the Environment

NISA : Nuclear and Industrial Safety Agency (abolished)

NSC : Nuclear Safety Commission (abolished)

JAEA Japan Atomic Energy Agency

National Institutes for Quantum Science and Technology QST

TSO - JAEA -QST

etc.

Transparency

- Committee meetings
- Review meetings with licensees
- Press conference/briefing
 - Chair of commission
 - Director of the secretariate
- Meeting with CEOs of licensees
- Meeting with CNOs of licensees





Transparency

- Meeting with commission members and local governors
- Meeting with public
- Public comments
 - Regulatory requirements, guides
 - Review results for permission

Transparency

- Advice from international advisory board
- International arena (multi-lateral), e.g.,
 - IAEA, CSS, INSAG, AdSec, IRRS, IPPAS
 - OECE/NEA, CNRA, CSNI
 - WENRA
 - INRA
- International arena (bi-lateral), e.g.,
 - France
 - US
 - UK
 - Korea/China

Regulatory Framework

- Strengthen regulatory requirements
- Introduce back-fitting system
- Limit operational period to 40 years, extension up to 60 years

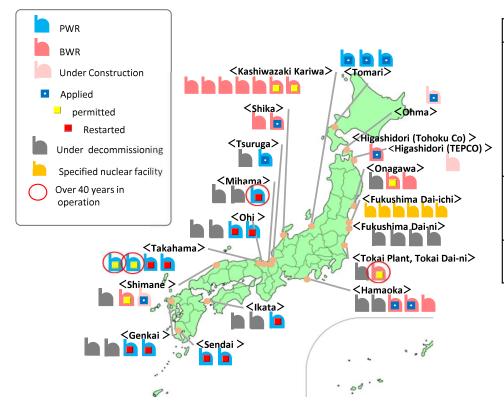
New Regulatory Requirements

New regulatory requirements were <New requirements> established after TEPCO's Fukushima Suppression of radioactive materials dispersal Daiichi NPS accident. Reinforced DB (Natural hazards, etc.) **Specialized Safety Facility Measures** New for Severe • New requirements for SA Prevention of CV failure Accident Prevention of core damage Internal flooding Reinforced & New <Pre><Previous requirements> Fire protection Fire protection Reliability of power supply Design Reliability of power supply Base Function of other SSCs Function of other SSCs Natural phenomena (Volcano, Tornadoes, Forest, etc.) Natural phenomena Seismic / Tsunami resistance Seismic / Tsunami resistance

Back-fitting

- "Continues improvement" is the most important lesson
- Up-to-date knowledge should always be applied to current fleets
- Apply firstly to new regulatory requirements all existing reactors are required to satisfy the new requirements before restarting

Status of Conformity Reviews



As of February 2023

Total ^{*1}		60		
Applied		27	PWR 16	
	Applied		21	BWR 11
	Permitted		17	PWR 12
				BWR 5
	Posta	tarted	10	PWR 10
	nes	Restarted		BWR 0
Under decommissioning		24	PWR 8	
			BWR 15	
			GCR 1	
Others		9	PWR 0	
			BWR 9	

^{*1} Including NPPs under construction (3 reactors) and Fukushima Daiichi unit 1-6

^{*} The NRA granted permission of change in reactor installation to comply with the new regulatory requirements in relation to Shimane NPS Unit 2 of Chugoku Electric Power Co., Inc. on September 15, 2021.

Process for new findings and knowledge

NRA efforts on continuous New findings / Knowledge improvement - collect and review new knowledge, revise requirements if necessary, and require back-fitting NRA (secretariat) **Technical Information Review Meeting** Advice NRA (Commission) **RSEC and NFSEC Revision of Regulatory Standards** and **RSEC: Reactor Safety Examination Committee Back-fitting** NFSEC: Nuclear Fuel Safety Examination Committee

Operational Period

After the TEPCO's Fukushima Accident -

- Legally set the limit for NPP's operation up to 40 years after start operation.
- The NRA can give permission to extend operational period, only once, up to 60 years.
- This permission is given only if NPPs comply with the latest technical standards considering aging of nuclear facilities by long time operation.

Operational Period

Recent progress -

- The GOJ announced the "Basic Policy for the Realization GX" in Dec 2022, which included "new system regarding the operation period".
- While maintaining the current regulation system (40+20 years), additional extensions will be allowed only for a suspension period.
- The period can include the suspended period due to conformity review to new regulatory requirements.

Operational Period

Response of the NRA

- NRA discussed, asked public comments, and decided to stipulate following points in the Nuclear Regulation Act.
 - If licensee continues to operate the plant over 30 years, a technical evaluation of aging degradation must be conducted not exceeding every 10 years.
 - The operator must prepare a long-term facility management plan based on this result and obtain approval from the NRA.
- This revision of the act is discussed in the current Diet session.
- NRA continues to discuss the detail of the regulation under the specific task group, which is open and livestreamed.

Thank you for your attention

https://www.nra.go.jp/english/index.html